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## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A fuel cartridge that supplies a source of fuel to a direct methanol fuel cell, the fuel cartridge comprising:

a housing;

a fuel egress port connected coupled to the housing to allow contents in the housing to escape from the housing through the fuel egress port; and

a surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane disposed residing in the housing of the fuel cartridge.

- 2. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane is a polymer membrane disposed about a substantial portion of an interior of the housing to provide a high surface area membrane.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane is a composite membrane comprised of multiple layers of polymer membrane to increase vapor permeation surface area.
- 4. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane is a membrane arranged as a series of folds.
- 5. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane is a polymer membrane provided with macroscopically irregular and/or microscopically roughened membrane surfaces to increase the effective membrane surface area for vaporization.

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6. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane spaces a liquid source of oxidizable fuel from a vapor phase of the source of oxidizable fuel.

- 7. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the cartridge contains a liquid source of oxidizable fuel and/or a carbonaceous compound or mixture of such compounds.
- 8. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the liquid source of oxidizable fuel is methanol.
- 9. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the enhanced planar vaporization membrane is comprised of a polymer material selected from the group consisting of polyurethanes, silicones, poly(trimethylsilyl-propyne), polymeric compositions, and composites.
- 10. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 1 wherein the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane enhances a delivery rate of methanol in a vapor phase to the egress port for a given cartridge size.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A fuel cartridge that supplies a source of fuel to a direct methanol fuel cell, the fuel cartridge comprising:
  - a housing;
  - a fuel egress port supported by the housing; and
  - a composite membrane residing in the housing of the fuel cartridge comprising:
    - a porous substrate;
    - a polymer membrane disposed over a first surface of the porous substrate; and
  - a coating of a methanol-impermeable material disposed over an opposite surface

of the substrate.

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12. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein substrate is provided to hold methanol in a liquid state within the porous material to enable liquid methanol to migrate to the polymer membrane and convert to a vapor phase.

- 13. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein the composite membrane is wound into a cylindrical shaped element.
- 14. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein gaps between the polymer membrane and the methanol-impermeable coating providing a path for transporting a high flux of methanol vapor to the egress port.
- 15. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein a plurality of the composite membranes are disposed in the fuel cartridge.
- 16. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein a plurality of the composite membranes are disposed in the fuel cartridge and wound into a cylindrical shaped element.
- 17. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein the substrate is polyethylene, polypropylene, nylon, polyurethane, or other analogous polymers or composites of one or more of these polymers.
- 18. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein the polymer membrane is a polyurethane material.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein the polymer material is selected from the group consisting of polyurethanes, silicones, poly(trimethylsilyl-propyne), polymeric compositions, and composites.
- 20. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 18 wherein the polymer has a microporosity characteristic to govern vaporization.

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21. (Original) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein the membrane is a sintered metal disc coated with a polymer.

- 22. (Previously Presented) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein the methanol-impermeable coating is a cross-linked rubber, a polymer/inorganic composite, a surface fluorinated high density polyethylene, or other methanol-impermeable material.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The fuel cartridge of claim 11 wherein the substrate is polyethylene, polypropylene, nylon, polyurethane, or other analogous polymers or composites of one or more of these polymers; the polymer membrane is a polyurethane, a silicone, poly(trimethylsilyl-propyne), or composites of polyurethanes, silicones, poly(trimethylsilyl-propyne) and the methanol-impermeable coating is a cross-linked rubber, a polymer/inorganic composite, a surface treated material such as surface fluorinated high density polyethylene, or other methanol-impermeable material.
  - 24. (Previously Presented) A composite membrane comprising:
  - a porous substrate;
  - a polymer membrane disposed over a first surface of the porous substrate; and
- a coating of a methanol-impermeable material disposed over an opposite surface of the substrate.
- 25. (Original) The membrane of claim 24 wherein substrate is provided to hold methanol in a liquid state within the porous material to enable liquid methanol to migrate to the polymer membrane and convert to a vapor phase.
- 26. (Original) The membrane of claim 24 wherein the composite membrane is wound into a cylindrical shaped element.

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27. (Original) The membrane of claim 24 wherein gaps between the polymer membrane and the methanol-impermeable coating providing a path for transporting a high flux of methanol vapor.

- 28. (Original) The membrane of claim 24 wherein the substrate is polyethylene, polypropylene, nylon, polyurethane, or other analogous polymers or composites of one or more of these polymers.
- 29. (Original) The membrane of claim 24 wherein the polymer material is selected from the group consisting of polyurethanes, silicones, poly(trimethylsilyl-propyne), polymeric compositions, and composites.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The membrane of claim 24 wherein the polymer has a microporosity characteristic to govern vaporization.
- 31. (Original) The membrane of claim 24 wherein the membrane is a sintered metal disc, coated with a polymer.
- 32. (Original) The membrane of claim 24 wherein the methanol-impermeable coating is a cross-linked rubber, a polymer/inorganic composite, a surface fluorinated high density polyethylene, or other methanol-impermeable material.
- 33. (Original) The membrane of claim 24 wherein the substrate is polyethylene, polypropylene, nylon, polyurethane, or other analogous polymers or composites of one or more of these polymers; the polymer membrane is polyurethanes, silicones, poly(trimethylsilyl-propyne), or composites of polyurethanes, silicones, poly(trimethylsilyl-propyne) and the methanol-impermeable coating is a cross-linked rubber, a polymer/inorganic composite, a surface treated fluorinated high density polyethylene.

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34. (Withdrawn) An arrangement comprises:

a direct methanol fuel cell;

a fuel cartridge that supplies a source of fuel to the direct methanol fuel cell, the fuel cartridge comprising:

- a housing;
- a fuel egress port supported by the housing; and
- a surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane residing in the fuel cartridge and
- a fuel reservoir that receives fuel from the fuel cartridge, the fuel reservoir arranged to deliver fuel to the fuel cell and the fuel reservoir comprising:
  - a housing; and
- a surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane residing in the fuel reservoir, which in combination with the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membrane residing in the fuel cartridge provides a dual stage vaporization of fuel to the fuel cell.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The arrangement of claim 34 wherein at least one of the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membranes is a polymer membrane disposed about a substantial portion of an interior perimeter of the housing to provide a high surface area membrane.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The arrangement of claim 34 wherein at least one of the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membranes is a composite membrane comprised of multiple layers or folds of polymer membrane to increase vapor permeation surface area.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The arrangement of claim 34 wherein at least one of the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membranes is a membrane arranged as a series of folds.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The arrangement of claim 34 wherein at least one of the surface area enhanced planar vaporization membranes is a polymer membrane provided with macroscopically irregular and/or microscopically roughened membrane surfaces to increase the effective membrane surface area for vaporization.

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39. (Withdrawn) A method of operating an electronic device comprises:

arranging a fuel cartridge to supply a source of fuel to a direct methanol fuel cell, the fuel cartridge comprising:

- a housing;
- a fuel egress port supported by the housing; and
- a composite membrane residing in the fuel cartridge comprising:
- a porous substrate;
- a polymer membrane disposed over a first surface of the porous substrate; and
- a coating of a methanol-impermeable material disposed over an opposite surface of the substrate.